Poster Number: EP-437 Name: Dr Garima Kachhawa



DISTINCT PROINFLAMMATORY MARKERS IN GESTATIONAL HYPERTENSION AND

PRECLAMPSIA: A PROSPECTIVE STUDY

PE

(n=37)

9.34 ±2.4

71.06± 5.8

 20.9 ± 4.4

3.62 ±1.1

11.10 ±4.2

P value

0.016

0.017

0.018

0.049

0.060

GH (n=30)

10.18*±2.9

74.96±4.5

17.48 ±3.6

4.52* ±1.1

13.66* ±4.5





Introduction

- Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy (HDP) have an underlying mechanism of endothelial dysfunction & elevated immune response
- Neutrophil-lymphocyte ratio (NLR) has acceptable sensitivity & specificity of 74% & 64% respectively for Zheng et al, Nov 2019, Medicine diagnosis of PE
- There is conflicting evidence regarding predictive role of NLR and platelet-lymphocyte ratio (PLR) ratio for HDP

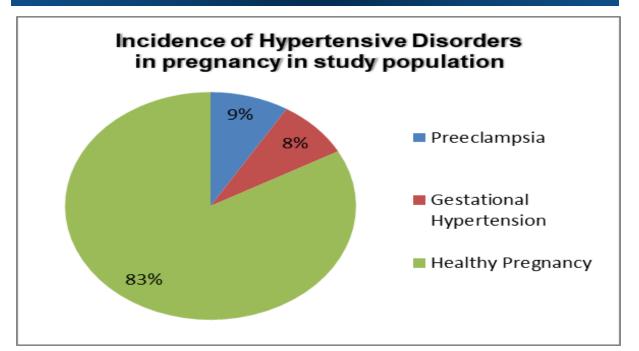
Objective

- To compare first trimester leucocyte indices and their ratios between gestational hypertension and preeclampsia
- To correlate these inflammatory markers in first trimester with development of hypertension later in gestation

Methods

- **Study design:** Prospective Observational study
- Study Settings: Department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology, AIIMS, New Delhi
- Sample population: 578 Women with singleton pregnancy (12-14 weeks)
- **Study period:** September 2018 February 2021

Results



Baseline Characteristics

Systemic Pro-inflammatory Markers

Parameters

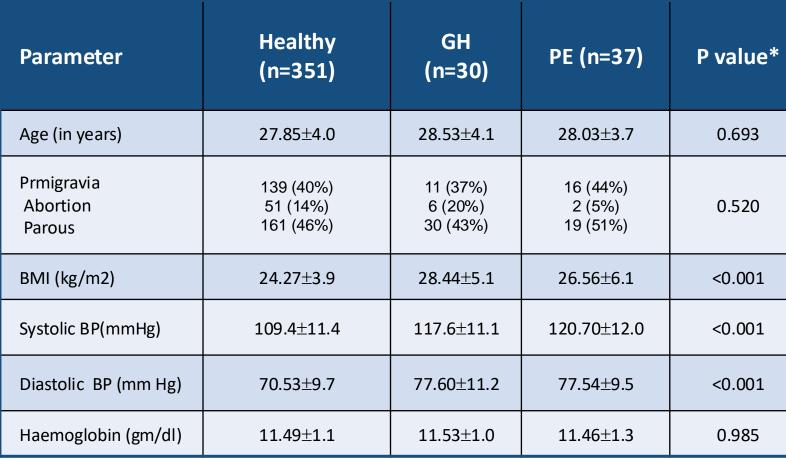
Neutrophils (/μL)

Lymphocytes (/μL)

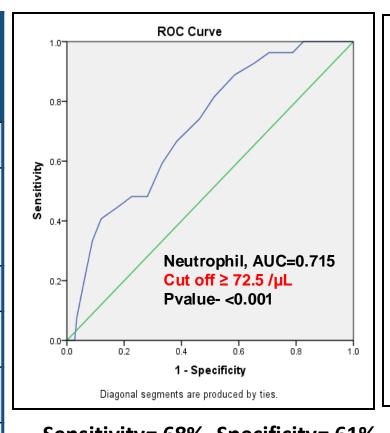
Total Leucocyte Count (/μL)

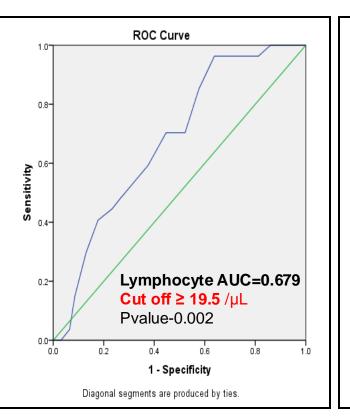
Neutrophil Lymphocyte Ratio

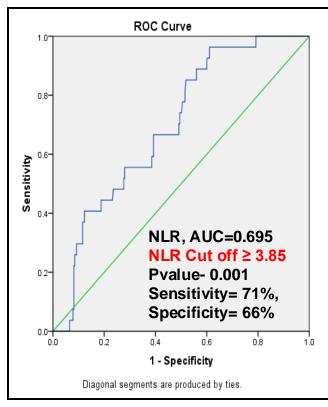
Platelet Lymphocyte Ratio





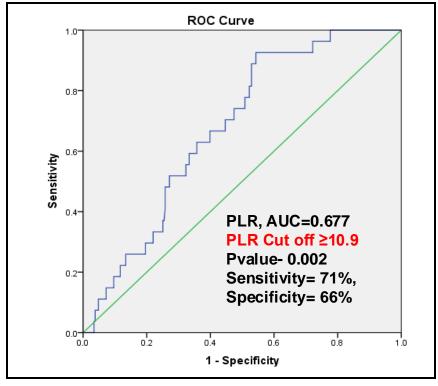


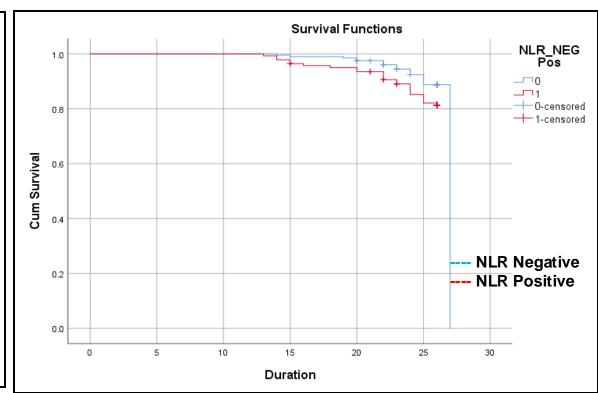




Sensitivity= 68%, Specificity= 61%







The difference in survival probable is statistically significance i.e. (0.047)

Conclusion

Healthy

(n=351)

8.91* ±2.1

69.68 ±9.9

 20.83 ± 6.1

3.73* ±1.7

11.05*± 5.6

- At First Trimester (12-14wks) there is differential response of 1. Zheng WF et al. Diagnostic value of neutrophil-lymphocyte ratio in preeclampsia: A PRISMAinflammatory markers in NT and HDP
- There is exaggerated inflammatory response at first trimester in women destined to develop GH later in pregnancy
- The study suggests GH has an inflammatory etiology similar to essential HTN, unlike PE which has angiogenic basis (PE has a non inflammatory basis and develops in otherwise healthy women.

References

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